

Goal Types

Goals may be quantified using six different types. The goal types allow staff to track progress based on the planned item.

Milestone	Milestone goals are the most basic goal type. They allow for tracking progress as a “Yes” or “No” response by the responsible staff member. An example of a milestone goal is “Create and send Q1 Staff Survey.”
Narrative	Narrative goals are question and answer goals. Responsible staff members may answer the question posed by the goal. An example of a narrative goal is “How successful was the grant-related activity this period?”
Numeric	Numeric goals are a discrete number to achieve. As units of the goal are completed, staff may record units completed. An example of a numeric goal is “number of program participants” with a goal target of 50.
Percent Achieved	Percent achieved goals are goals to reach a desired percent. When tracking progress against a percent achieved goal, staff may capture Total Possible and Total Achieved percentages. An example of a percent achieved goal is “Volunteer Retention Rate” with a goal target of 70%.
Percent Change	Percent change goals are goals to track a percent increase or decrease. Percent change goals are defined with a starting percent and a desired percent. When tracking progress against a percent change goal, staff may capture Total Possible and Total Achieved percentages. An example of a percent change goal is “Decrease in Student Absences” with a starting absentee rate of 10%, and a goal absentee rate of 3%.
Reimbursement	Reimbursement goals are goals with a discrete unit to achieve, and a dollar rate associated per unit. When tracking progress against a reimbursement goal, staff may enter Units Achieved. An optional checkbox field appears on each reimbursement goal type labeled “Add as budget item.” If the goal is added as a budget item, the reimbursement goal will appear as part of the grant’s expense budget. If a reimbursement goal is shown on the grant budget, any updates made to the goal through the performance plan will automatically update the budget. An example of a Reimbursement goal is “Number of Patient Screenings” with target/maximum units of 100, and a reimbursement rate per unit of \$22. Reimbursement goals are used to support pay for performance grants.